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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/763,486	01/23/2004	Mont A. Johnson	2507-5877.1US (21847-US-0	7023
24247 7590	10/04/2005		EXAM	INER
TRASK BRITT P.O. BOX 2550			ALLEN, ANDRE J	
SALT LAKE CITY	. UT 84110		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,		2855	

DATE MAILED: 10/04/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

XEK

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Commons	10/763,486	JOHNSON ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Andre J. Allen	2855			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	TE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timil apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONED	I. ely filed the mailing date of this communication. 0 (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01 Au	<u>ıgust 2005</u> .				
,					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-17 and 35-39 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-17 and 35-39 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the orection or the orection to the orect	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive ı (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 1-23-04.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:				
S. Patent and Trademark Office					

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

 Applicant's election without traverse of claims 1-17 and 35-39 in the reply filed on 8-1-05 is acknowledged.

Double Patenting

2. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-17 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-40 of U.S. Patent No. 6776049. Although the conflicting claims are not

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identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the cited patent teaches all the basic features of the claimed invention therefore the claims in the current application are deemed to be non-distinct.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35
U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 35-39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Dietrich et al (US 4763531).

Regarding clam 35 Dietrich et al teachés disposing a stress sensor at the interface between the first and second mated bodies (abstract); resiliently deforming at least a portion of the stress sensor (col. 5 lines 50-55) in response to the stress; measuring a first sensor measurement signal comprising a compressive strain sensor measurement signal portion and a tension strain sensor measurement signal portion (col. 5 lines 40-45), the compressive strain sensor measurement signal portion being equal in

magnitude and opposite in direction relative to the tension strain sensor measurement signal portion (fig. 1); and outputting the first sensor measurement signal (col. 1 lines 15-20).

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Regarding claim 36 Dietrich et al teaches a first sensor measurement signal to a data-receiving device and determining the shear component of the stress (col. 6 lines 20-25).

Regarding claim 38 Dietrich et al teaches communicating the first sensor measurement signal to a data-receiving device and determining the shear component of the stress substantially exclusive of the normal component of the stress (col. 6 lines 1-45).

Regarding claim 39 Dietrich et al teaches disposing a plurality of the stress sensors at the interface between the first and second mated bodies (fig. 1) (col. 5 lines 1-10).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which

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said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claim 37 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dietrich et al (US 4763531) in view of Szuchy (4692610).

Regarding claim 37 Dietrich et al teaches all the basic features of the claimed invention except communicating the first sensor measurement signal to a data-receiving device comprises communicating the first sensor measurement signal to at least one of a data processor and a data display. Szuchy teaches communicating the first sensor measurement signal to a data-receiving device comprises communicating the first sensor measurement signal to at least one of a data processor and a data display (fig. 1).

It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art of stress measuring devices at the time the invention was made to

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modify the device taught by Dietrich with communicating the first sensor measurement signal to a data-receiving device comprises communicating the first sensor measurement signal to at least one of a data processor and a data display as taught by Szuchy for the purpose of communicating process signals and providing the user with a visual of the measurement results.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Andre J. Allen whose telephone number is 571-272-2174. The examiner can normally be reached on mon-fri 8:00-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edward Lefkowitz can be reached on 571-272-2180. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

André Alen Patent Examiner Art Unit 2855

EDWARD LEFKOWITZ SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800